[51] APPENDIX, No. I.

Mr. Patrick Kennedy's Journal of an Expedition undertaken by himfelf and feveral Coureurs de Bois in the year 1773,-from Kafkafkias Village in the Illinois Country, to the Head Waters of the Illinois River*.

JULY 23, 1773. "We fet out from "Kaskaskias in fearch of a Copper " mine, and on the 31ft reached the Illinois " River; —it is 84 miles from Kaskaskias. " The fame day we entered the Illinois Ri-" ver, which is 18 miles above that of the " Miffouri. The water was fo low, and "the fides of the river fo full of " weeds, that our progrefs was much " interrupted, being obliged to row our " boat in the deep water, and ftrong " current. The chain of rocks, and high " hills which begin at the Piafas about " three miles above the Miffouri, extend " to the mouth of the Illinois River, and " continue along the fouth-eaftern fide of " the same in an east-north east course.--

" [52] About eighteen miles up this river, " on the eaftern fide, is a little river called " by the Natives Macopin or White Potato " River:---it is 20 yards wide, and navi-" gable nine miles to the hills. " fhore is low on both fides; --- the tim-" ber, Bois Connu, or Paccan, Maple, Ash, " Button Wood, &c.—The course of the Il-" linois River here, is N. N. E; the land is " well timbered, and covered with high " weeds. There are fine meadows at a " little diftance from the River; the banks " of which do not crumble away as those " of the Miffisppi do: we passed numbers " of Islands, some of them between nine " and twelve miles in length, and three " miles in breadth.—The general width " of the River in this day's journey, was " about 400 yards.

"August 1, about 12 o'clock, we stop"ped at the *Piorias* wintering ground.

"About a quarter of a mile from the Ri"ver, on the eastern side of it, is a mea"dow of many miles long, and sive or six
"miles broad. In this meadow are many
"fmall lakes, communicating with each
"other, and by which there are passages

^{*} N. B. This Journal was never printed before.

" particular, leads to the Illinois River.

" The timber in general very tall Oaks.

" We met with fome beautiful iflands in

" this part of the River (48 miles from

" the Missippi) and great plenty of Buffa-

" loe and Deer.

" August 2, At one o'clock we passed " an ifland called Piere. - A Fleche, or ar-" row ftone is gotten by the Indians from " a high hill on the western side of the

" River, near the above ifland; -with this

" ftone, the natives make their gun flints,

" and point their arrows. Half a league

" above this ifland, on the Eastern fide of

" it, the meadows border on the River,

" and continue feveral miles; the land is

" remarkably rich, and well watered with

" fmall Rivulets from the neighbouring

" hills. The banks of the River are high,

" the water clear, and at the bottom of

" the River are white Marl and Sand.

" August 3, Passed the Mine River. It " comes into the Illinois River on the north-

" western side of it, 120 miles from the

" Missippi. It is 50 yards wide and very

" rapid.

A TOPOGRAPHICAL DESCRIPTION

[54] " August 4, Here the land on both " fides of the Illinois River is low, but rifes " gradually.—The Prairie, or meadow " ground on the eastern fide, is at least "twenty miles wide; it is fine land for " tillage, or for grazing cattle, and is well " watered with a number of fprings. " About 12 o'clock we paffed the River " Sagamond, 135 miles from the Miffifippi. " It is a River 100 yards wide, and navi-" gable for fmall boats or canoes up-" wards of 180 miles, and about fun-" set, we paffed the River Demi-Quian. " It comes in on the western side of the " Illinois River; - (165 miles from the " Miffisippi;)—is 50 yards wide, and navi-" gable 120 miles. We encamped on " the fouth-eaftern fide of the Illinois river, " opposite to a very large favannah, be-" longing to, and called, the Demi-Quian " fwamp. The lands on the fouth-eaftern " fide are high and thinly timbered; ---" but at the place of our encampment are " fine meadows, extending farther than " the eye can reach, and affording a de-" lightful prospect. --- The low lands on " the western side of the Illinois River,

" keys, &c.

" August 5, It rained all day, which " detained us till the evening, when we " embarked, and rowed till dark; in our " way we paffed the Lake Demi-Quian, " 200 yards west from the river of that " name; it is of a circular figure, fix miles " acrofs, and difcharges itfelf by a fmall " paffage, four feet deep into the Illinois "River. This Lake is 171 miles from " the Miffisippi. The general course of " the Illinois River varies very little; it " rather however inclines to the eaftward. " The lands are much the fame as before " described, only the Prairies (Meadows) " extend further from the river. By our " reckoning, we are 177 miles from the " Missippi.

" August 6, Set out early, and at 11 " o'Clock we paffed the Sefeme-Quian river, " it is on the western side of the Illinois " river; is 40 yards wide, and navigable 60 " miles; the land bordering on this river is " very good. — About four o'clock we paffed

A TOPOGRAPHICAL DESCRIPTION

" the river De la March, (on the western " [56] fide also of the Illinois river;) it is " 30 yards wide, and navigable about eight " or nine miles only. Though the De la " March is not fo long as the Sefeme-Quian, " yet it is much handfomer. These rivers " are about nine miles distant from each " other. Here the land begins to rife grad-" ually on the western bank. At fun-set " we paffed a river called Michilimackinac. " It is on the fouth-eaftern fide of the Illi-" nois River; is 50 yards wide, navigable " for about 90 miles, and has between 30 " and 40 fmall iflands at its mouth; which " at a diftance appear like a fmall village. " On the banks of this river is plenty of " good timber, viz. Red and white Cedar, " Pine, Maple, Walnut, &c. and finding " fome pieces of coal, I was induced " to walk up the river a few miles, tho' " not far enough, to reach a coal mine. In " many places I also found clinkers, which " inclined me to think that a coal mine, not " far diftant, was on fire, and I have fince " heard, there was .-- The land is high on the " eaftern bank of the river, but on the " western are large plains or meadows, ex-

" August 7, The morning being very " foggy, and the River overgrown with " weeds along its fides, we could make " but little way. About 12 o'clock we " got to the old Pioria Fort and village on " the western shore of the River, and at " the fouthern end of a lake called the Il-" linois Lake; which is 19 miles and a half " in length, and three miles in breadth. " It has no Rocks, Shoals or perceivable " Current. We found the stockades of " this Pioria Fort destroyed by fire, but the " houses standing. The summit on which " the Fort stood, commands a fine prof-" pect of the country to the eastward, and " up the lake to the point, where the Ri-" ver comes in at the north end; - to the " westward are large meadows. In the lake " is great plenty of fish, and in particu-" lar, Sturgeon, and Picannau. On the " eaftern fide of the lake, about the mid-" dle of it, the chain of Rocks, that ex-" tends from the back of Kaskaskias, to " [58] Cahokia, Piafa, the mouth of the

A TOPOGRAPHICAL DESCRIPTION

"Illinois River, &c terminates. — The coun"try to the westward, is low and very le"vel, covered with Grass, Weeds,
"Flaggs, &c. — Here is abundance of
"Cherry, Plumb and other fruit trees.—
"This lake is 210 miles from the Missi-

" fippi. " August 8, The wind being fair we " made a fail of our tent, and reached the " upper end of the lake by fun-fet; and "the wind continuing fair we afcended "the River, and about 4 o'clock paffed " Crows Meadows River, which comes " from the eastward, and over against "it, on the west side, are the mea-" dows just mentioned, 240 miles from "the Missippi. This River is twenty " yards wide, and navigable between "15 and 18 miles. The land on both " fides of the Illinois River, for 27, or 30 " miles above the lake, is generally low " and full of Swamps, fome a mile wide, " bordered with fine meadows, and in " fome places, the high land comes to

"the River in points, or narrow necks.

[59] "August 9, At 10 o'clock, we passed
"the Riviere de l'Isle de Pluye, or Rainy

A TOPOGRAPHICAL DESCRIPTION

" o'clock on the western side of the "River, but the grafs and weeds were

" fo high, that we could make but

" little way.

" August 10, We croffed the high " land, and at ten o'clock we came to

"the Fox River (or a branch of it)

" after walking twenty-four miles. It

" falls into the Illinois River, thirty miles

" beyond the place where we left our

" boat.—The Fox River is 25 yards wide,

" and has about five feet water: its courfe

" is from the westward by many windings

"through large meadows. At three miles

"diftance, after croffing this river, we

" fell in with the Illinois River again, and

" kept along its bank; here we found a

" path. About fix o'clock we arrived,

" after walking about 12 miles, at an old

" encampment, fifteen miles from the

" Fork. The land is stoney, and the mea-

" dows not fo good as fome which we for-

" [61] merly paffed; —from hence we went

" to an ifland, where feveral French traders

" were encamp'd, but we could get no intel-

" ligence from them about the copper mine

" which we had fet out in fearch of. At

"August 11, We set off about three o'clock, and at night got within nine miles of our boat. We computed it to be 45 miles from the island we last departed from, to the place where we left our boat.

" our boat. " August 12, We embarked early, and " proceeded three miles down the Illinois " River .-- On the north-western side of " this river is a coal mine, that extends " for half a mile along the middle of the " bank of the river, which is high. ---" On the eaftern fide, about half a mile " from it, and about the same distance be-" low the coal mine, are two falt ponds, " 100 yards in circumference, and feveral " feet in depth; the water is stagnant, and " of a yellowish colour; but the French, " [62] and natives make good falt from it. " We tafted the water, and thought it falter " than that which the French make falt " from, at the faline near St. Genevieve. " At nine o'clock we arrived at our boat. " From the ifland, where we found the

A TOPOGRAPHICAL DESCRIPTION "French traders, and from whence we em-

" barked in a canoe to go to our boat, "there is a confiderable defcent and Ra"pid all the way. Here it is, that the "French fettlers cut their mill ftones.-"The land along the banks of the river is "much better than what we met with, "when we croffed the country on the 10th of this month. On the high lands, and particularly those on the fouth-eastern fide, there is abundance of red and white

"Cedar, Pine trees, &c.—We embarked about two o'clock, and proceeded till

" about two o'clock, and proceeded till " nine at night.

" August 13, We lay by half this day, " on account of wet weather.

" August 14, Embarked early, and af-" ter croffing the *Illinois* lake arrived late " in the evening, at the *Pioria Fort*.

"August 15, Rowed very constantly "[63] all day, and arrived at the *Mine Ri-*" ver in the evening.---Here I met with Mr. "Janiste, a French gentleman, and pre-

" vailed on him to accompany me, in an attempt up this River, to discover the

" Copper Mine.