Who may Nominate - - - Synopsis.

not less than \$5. nor more than \$100., and in default of payment shall stand committed to the county jail until the fine and costs are paid, or he is discharged according to law.

PROCESS SERVED: ORDER MAINTAINED: ARREST.] § 13. The sergeant-at-arms of the senate and his assistants, and the doorkeeper of the house of representatives and his assistants, shall serve such process and execute such orders as may be enjoined upon them by their respective houses, shall maintain order among spectators admitted into the rooms in which the respective houses hold their sessions, and take proper measures to prevent interruption of either house, and may arrest, with or without warrant, any person committing any offense created by this act, or by any law for the protection of the state house or any of its grounds or appurtenances, or guilty of any breach of the peace in or about the state house or public grounds connected therewith, and convey any such offender before a proper magistrate for trial; and for such purpose they shall have the same authority as is granted to sheriffs.

GUARDIAN AND WARD.

An act to amend an act entitled "An act in regard to Guardians and Wards," approved April 10, 1872.

Approved 23d March 1874. In force 1 July 1874.

Section 3 of said act * * is hereby amended to read as follows, to-wit:

Who may Nominate.] § 3. If a minor is under the age of 14 years, the county court may nominate and appoint his guardian. If he is above that age, he may nominate his own guardian, who, if approved by the court, shall be appointed accordingly; if not approved by the court, or if the minor resides out of the state, or if, after being cited, he neglects to nominate a suitable person, the court may nominate and appoint his guardian in the same manner as if he was under the age of 14 years: Provided, that in all cases when a guardian has been appointed by the court while the minor was under the age of 14 years, such minor, on attaining the age of 14 years, may at his election nominate his own guardian, who shall be appointed by the court if deemed a suitable person, and the new guardian so appointed shall supersede the former one, whose functions shall thenceforth cease and determine; and it shall be the duty of the former guardian to deliver up to his successor all the goods, chattels, moneys, title papers and other effects belonging to such minor in like manner and subject to the same penalties as are provided in \S 40 of this act, upon the removal, death or resignation of a guardian.

¹ 2 Gr. St. 196 § 53. Note. The act 25 April 1873, in regard to the adoption of Minors, is repealed specially, by the REPEALING ACT, which see.

HABEAS CORPUS.

- 1. The Writ may Issue.
- 2. Application Therefor.
- 3. Substance of Petition.
- 4. Order of Commitment. Copy for Prisoner.

- 5. Judge Corruptly Refusing.
 6. Writ Issued, Form Thereof.
 7. Indorsed, By this Act.
 8. Prosecuting Witnesses Summoned.
 9. Service of the Writ.
- § 8. Prosecuting § 9. Service of th § 10. How Served.
- 11. Expenses of Producing Person.
- § 12. Character of the Return. § 13. The Body Produced.

- § 14. When Sick or Infirm.
- § 15. Refusing to Obey the Writ.
- § 16. Officer or Person in Contempt. § 17. Taking Beyond the Jurisdiction. Irreparable Injury.
- § 18. Cause of Imprisonment Examined.
- § 19. Examination, Evidence, Summary Proceeding.
- § 20. Amendments Permitted.
- § 21. When Discharge Cannot be Made.
- § 22. In Custody under Legal Process. § 23. Informal Commitment, Bail, Recognizances.
- § 24. Prisoner Remanded, a Second Writ.