

# External Grants from Beginning to End

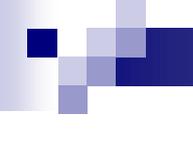
Office of Research and Sponsored Programs  
and  
Grants Accounting

Eastern Illinois University



# Overview

1. Writing a Proposal
2. Submitting a Proposal
3. Managing a Grant
4. Complying with Regulations



# Identifying a Fundable Idea

## Do

Write out a list of 5 – 10 ideas.

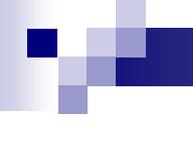
Select one or two strong ideas.

Ask “Why would anyone want to pay for this?”

Search databases for funding opportunities.

## Don't

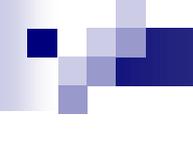
Be afraid to modify your ideas to fit opportunities.



# Typical Sections of a Proposal

(Not all proposals have all of these.)

- Cover Letter
- Table of Contents
- Abstract
- Introduction or Background\*
- Problem or Need Statement\*
- Objectives\*
- Methods\*
- Evaluation Plan\*
- Budget\*
- Appendices



# Introduction or Background

- Do

Focus on material the reviewer must know in order to understand later sections.

Cite the material in later sections.

- Don't

Write more than 1 – 3 pages (most proposals).

Start explaining your proposed methods.

# Problem or Need Statement

## ■ Do

Choose a problem of realistic size.

Choose a problem of interest to the agency.

Document the problem with facts.

Establish *why* the project is worth doing.

## ■ Don't

State a tautology

("We need it because we do not have it.")

# Objectives

- Do

Concentrate on *what* you want to do.

Write objectives that are

specific

measurable

realistic

time-sensitive

- Don't

Start discussing *how* or *why*.

# Example of an Objective

Objective(s)		
<u>Objective 1.1</u> As a result of a course and specialized referrals coordinated by a Student Success Center, increase the percentage of students who progress from Academic Warning to good standing by the following schedule:		
From	To	By
36%	40%	8-1-2008
40%	48%	8-1-2009
48%	55%	8-1-2010
55%	60%	8-1-2011

# Methods

- Do

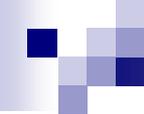
Concentrate on *how* you will accomplish goals.

Discuss timing.

Demonstrate that your methods are viable.

- Don't

Confuse this section with Objectives.



# Evaluation Plan

- Do

Describe how success will be measured.

Justify your definition of success.

Mention who will measure success.

- Don't

Omit this, even if there is no formal section.

# Budget

- Do

List costs by category:

Personnel

Supplies

Equipment

Travel

Contractual Services

Indirect (F&A)

- Don't

Try to calculate personnel costs without information from ORSP

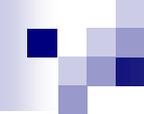
# Response from the Agency

- Rejection ☹️

- Get reviewers' comments.
  - Revise and resubmit.

- Acceptance 😊

- Formal agreement must be signed (not by you).
  - New grant account must be set up.
  - IRB or IACUC approval may be needed.



# The Agreement Document

- Please send document to ORSP.
- Approved by Accounting
- ORSP will obtain the required signatures.
  - VPBA or president
  - Vice President responsible for the area
- Some agencies do not require a signature.
  - NSF and NIH



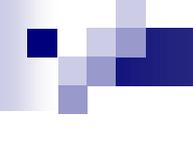
# Reports

- Performance Reports – interim and final
- Financial Reports — Interim and final  
Must be approved by grant accountant
- Please send all reports to ORSP.
- Late reports may delay funding of awards for others.
- Some agencies require grant closeout packages.



# The Grant Account

- Apply for account with form on ORSP website.
- Setup takes about one week.
- May be selected for an audit
- Fiscal Agent
  - Usually the Principal Investigator or Project Director
  - Responsible for spending money appropriately
  - Must balance monthly account statements
  - Must receive approval for reimbursements and travel



# Please call with questions.

- Office of Research and Sponsored Programs
  - Bob Chesnut, (581-2125)
  - Jennifer Smith, IRB and IACUC (581-8576)
  - Mary Mattingly, grant coordinator (581-2711)
- Grants Accounting
  - Kaitlyn Haas, financial (581-6454)