

CENTRAL ILLINOIS TEACHING WITH PRIMARY SOURCES NEWSLETTER

January 2008

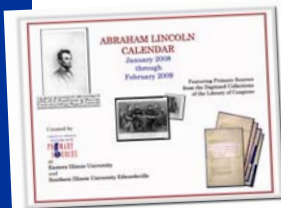
Executive Orders

Welcome to the 11th issue of the **Central Illinois Teaching with Primary Sources Newsletter**, a collaborative project of the Teaching with Primary Sources Programs at Southern Illinois University Edwardsville and Eastern Illinois University.

The newsletter is changing as we prepare to celebrate the bicentennial of the birth of President Abraham Lincoln. Those of us who teach in the Land of Lincoln share a sense of pride in the integrity and accomplishments of President Lincoln. Teaching with Primary Sources allows us to share with educators and life long learners the valuable resources from the Library of Congress that may be incorporated into curriculum when teaching about Mr. Lincoln.

The **Executive Orders** theme was selected because the Final Emancipation Proclamation was issued in January 1863.

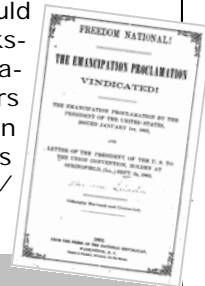
President Lincoln used both executive orders and proclamations during his presidency. The most renowned is the emancipation proclamation. This document was to free the slaves in the southern states. The exhibits at the Library of Congress website has Lincoln's final draft of the emancipation proclamation. The Abraham Lincoln papers offer letters to Lincoln about the emancipation proclamation, petitions that were signed in favor of the proclamation also newspaper clippings, sheet music and paintings are available to view. Observing Thanksgiving on the last Thursday in November was another proclamation from President Lincoln.



With this issue and continuing through February 2009 the theme each month will reflect primary sources from our **Abraham Lincoln**

Calendar. You can download and print a copy of the calendar at <http://www.eiu.edu/~eiutps>.

Sarah Hale wrote many letters not just to Lincoln but to others about her strong feelings that our nation should have an annual day of Thanksgiving that should be a national holiday. The letters from Sarah Hale are found in the Abraham Lincoln Papers <http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/alhtml/malhome.html>



Beyond President Lincoln



Since **President George Washington** every president has given executive orders. So what is an *executive order*? The definition at www.thisnation.com reads "legally binding orders given by the President, acting as the head of the Executive Branch, to Federal Administrative Agencies. Executive Orders are generally used to direct federal agencies and officials in their execution of congressionally established laws or policies. However, they have been used to guide agencies in directions contrary to congressional intent." However, all executive orders are not created equal. *Proclamations* are a special executive

order and are often ceremonial and address the general public.

During World War II executive order 9066 was issued by **President Franklin D. Roosevelt** in February of 1942. This order authorized the evacuation of Japanese-Americans to relocation camps across America. Ansel Adams photographed the daily lives of those who lived in the Manzanar relocation camp. He donated his photographs to the Library of Congress in 1965. These photographs are digitized in the Ansel Adams's Photographs of Japanese-American Internment at Manzanar collection



<http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/collections/anseladams/>



Galbraith Map Illinois

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Contact Information

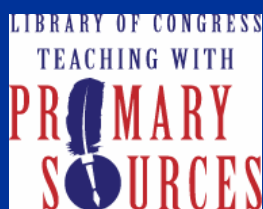
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Beyond President Lincoln (cont)

In April of 1872 **President Ulysses S. Grant** gave the executive order which set aside certain lands for use as Indian reservations. The American Indians of the Pacific Northwest collection contains reports from the Commissioner of Indian Affairs which include executive orders pertaining to the Indian reservations in Oregon <http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/collections/pacific/index.html>.

Executive Order 9981 issued by **President Harry S. Truman** provided "equality of treatment and opportunity in the armed forces without regard to race, color, religion, or national origin" This was the first time an executive order had been used for civil right issues. More information can be found in the African American Odyssey <http://www.loc.gov/exhibits/odyssey/educate/truman.html>

Topic Connections

Ansel Adams's Photography of Japanese-American Internment at Manzanar <http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/collections/anseladams/>

In February 1942 **President Franklin D. Roosevelt** signed executive order 9066 which authorized the evacuation of Japanese-Americans to relocation camps. Ansel Adams documented the everyday life of those living at Manzanar War Relocation Center in California.



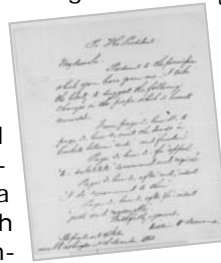
American Indians of the Pacific Northwest <http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/collections/pacific/>

President Ulysses S. Grant issued an executive order in 1872 establishing the Malheur Indian Reservation. In the American Indians of the Pacific Northwest collection of the Library you can view the executive orders establishing, increasing or reducing Indian reservations in Oregon. [http://memory.loc.gov/cgi-bin/query/r?ammem/aipn:@field\(DOCID+@lit\(t727\)\)](http://memory.loc.gov/cgi-bin/query/r?ammem/aipn:@field(DOCID+@lit(t727))).



Abraham Lincoln Papers <http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/alhtml/malhome.html>

The Lincoln Papers at the Library of Congress hold information on three executive orders given by President Lincoln. The first is the Emancipation Proclamation. The Library has letters to and from Lincoln with suggested alterations. The second is the executive order to make Thanksgiving a national holiday. Letters from Sarah Hale was the driving force that convinced President Lincoln to execute an executive order making Thanksgiving a national holiday. To keep the confederacy from confiscating supplies for the Union during the Civil War, Lincoln gave the executive order concerning the export of arms. In American Memory you can view this executive order [http://memory.loc.gov/cgi-bin/query/r?ammem/mal:@field\(DOCID+@lit\(d2603500\)\)](http://memory.loc.gov/cgi-bin/query/r?ammem/mal:@field(DOCID+@lit(d2603500))).



Lesson Plans and Activities

America's Library

Meet Amazing Americans:

Abraham Lincoln <http://www.americaslibrary.gov/cgi-bin/page.cgi/aa/presidents/lincoln>

Jump Back in Time:

14th Amendment http://www.americaslibrary.gov/cgi-bin/page.cgi/jb/recon/revised_1

Today in History

January 5, New Deal <http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/today/jan05.html>

October 14, Sarah Winnemucca <http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/today/oct14.html>

Community Center

We the People http://memory.loc.gov/learn/community/cc_wethepeople.php

Asian Pacific Americans http://memory.loc.gov/learn/community/cc_asian-pacific.php

Civil Rights http://memory.loc.gov/learn/community/cc_civilrights.php

Lesson Plans

Reservation Controversies (Grade 6-8) <http://memory.loc.gov/learn/lessons/97/reservation/teacher.html>

From Jim Crow to Linda Brown (Grades 9-12) <http://memory.loc.gov/learn/lessons/97/crow/crowhome.html>

Activities and Presentations

Emancipation Proclamation <http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/alhtml/almintr.html>

Thanksgiving <http://memory.loc.gov/learn/features/thanks/thanks.html>

Exhibitions

Truman Appoints a Prosecutor

<http://www.loc.gov/exhibits/treasures/trm218.html>

36 Star Flag <http://www.loc.gov/exhibits/treasures/trm159.html>

Civil Rights Era <http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/aahtml/exhibit/aopart9.html>

The Depression, The New Deal, and World War II <http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/aahtml/exhibit/aopart8.html>

Test Your Knowledge...

Answer the questions below then find the answers in the word search. All answers came from this newsletter.

n l n e q u a l i t y h
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 e x e d w l i n c o l n
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 l r e a x i n a m u r t

1. To free slaves in the south, Lincoln issued the _____ Proclamation.
2. _____ wrote letters to President Lincoln to make Thanksgiving a national holiday.
3. _____ orders are generally used to direct federal agencies and officials in their execution of congressionally established laws or policies.
4. President _____ issued the executive order on the export of arms.
5. Executive order 9066 executed the evacuation of Japanese-Americans to _____ camps.
6. Executive order 9981 provided "_____ of treatment and opportunity in the armed forces without regard to race, color, religion, or national origin.
7. Executive order 9981 was issued by President _____.
8. President Ulysses S. Grant's executive orders pertaining to _____ reservations in Oregon.
9. President Roosevelt's _____ program brought about the executive order to end discrimination in defense industries and government.
10. A _____ is a special type of executive order.

What's New at LOC.Gov

Exploring the Early Americas Presents Kislak Items, Map that Named the Americas



Exploring the Early Americas features selections from the more than 3,000 rare maps, documents, paintings, prints, and artifacts that make up the Jay I. Kislak Collection at the Library of Congress. This ongoing exhibition has three major themes: Pre-Contact America; Explorations and Encounters; and Aftermath of the Encounter. Like the Kislak Collection itself, the exhibition provides glimpses into the complex and fascinating past of the Americas. It provides insight into indigenous cultures, the drama of the encounters between Native American and European explorers and settlers, and the pivotal changes caused by the meeting of the American and European worlds.

The online exhibit themes:

[Pre-Contact America](#) The section deals principally with pre-contact cultures of Mesoamerica, a territory that includes most of the modern countries of Mexico, Guatemala, Belize, western Honduras, and El Salvador.

[Explorations and Encounters](#) This section presents materials from the voyages of exploration of Columbus, Cortés, and Pizarro, and material about the natives of the Americas they encountered.

[Aftermath of the Encounter](#) The encounter between the Americas and Europe altered both civilizations.

This section covers three dramatic changes: Language and Religion, Competition for Empire, and Documenting New Knowledge.

The online exhibition also lets visitors explore [interactive](#) presentations to learn directly from the artifacts, books, documents, paintings, and maps. These interactives are accessible throughout the online exhibition and engage users through free programs such as Silverlight Player and Flash Player.



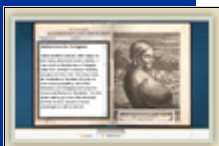
[Reading Pre-Columbian Artifacts](#)

Investigate the Maya writing system by exploring the writing and hieroglyphs on vessels and artifacts.



[Waldseemüller Maps](#)

Examine the only surviving copies of what are arguably two of the most important maps in the history of cartography, the 1507 and 1516 world maps by Martin Waldseemüller.



[The Buccaneers of America Page by Page](#)

Explore the pages of *The Buccaneers of America*, chronicling the bold feats of raiders who disrupted shipping on the high seas and terrorized Caribbean settlements.

Image Sources



Library of Congress
The first reading of the Emancipation Proclamation before the cabinet / painted by F.B. Carpenter ; engraved by A.H. Ritchie.
By Popular Demand: Portraits of the Presidents and First Ladies



Library of Congress
Abraham Lincoln and his Emancipation Proclamation / The Strobridge Lith. Co., Cincinnati
Prints and Photographs



Library of Congress
Freedom national. The Emancipation Proclamation vindicated. The Emancipation Proclamation by the President of the United States, issued January 1st, 1863, and letter of the President of the U.S. to the Union convention, holden at Springfield, (Ill.,) Sept 3d, 1863.
From Slavery to Freedom: the African-American Pamphlet Collection



Library of Congress
Manzanar street scene, clouds, Manzanar Relocation Center, California / photograph by Ansel Adams.
Ansel Adams's Photographs of Japanese-American Internment at Manzanar



Library of Congress
Umatilla men on horseback at the Pendleton Round Up, Oregon, 1910
American Indians of the Pacific Northwest



Library of Congress
Mrs. Naguchi and two children, Manzanar Relocation Center / photograph by Ansel Adams.
Ansel Adams's Photographs of Japanese-American Internment at Manzanar



Library of Congress
William H. Seward to Abraham Lincoln, Tuesday, December 30, 1862 (Recommended alterations to Emancipation Proclamation)
Abraham Lincoln Papers at the Library of Congress



Library of Congress
1507 World Map Martin Waldseemüller
Universalis cosmographia secunda Ptholemei traditionem et Americi Vespucci aliorum que lustrations [Strasbourg?]: 1507
Geography and Map Division (142)