Agenda Item #05-83
Effective Fall 2006
Effective Spring 2008, with revisions

Eastern Illinois University Revised Course Proposal BIO 2093G, Heredity and Society, Honors

1. Catalog description

- a) BIO 2093G
- b) Heredity and Society, Honors
- c) 4-0-4
- d) F, S, Su
- e) Hered Soc Honors
- f) A course for non-science majors that addresses the ethical, political, and social implications of heredity and modern genetic technology. Basic genetic principles as well as contemporary issues in biotechnology will be studied. Does not count toward the Biological Sciences major or minor. Credit for BIO 2093G will not be granted if the student already has credit for or registration in BIO 2003G or BIO 3200. WI
- g) Admission to the University Honors College
- h) Fall 2006

2. Student learning objectives and evaluation of the course

- a) In accordance with the goals of general education, students will:
 - evaluate genetic topics as science, relating them to contemporary issues in human society (speaking, writing, critical thinking)
 - apply sound judgments on genetic subjects, especially as they relate to ethical, legal, political, and economic issues (critical thinking, speaking, writing)
 - describe all sides of controversial issues so that exposure to diverse viewpoints may lead to new understandings (critical thinking, speaking, writing)
 - analyze knowledge of the sub-disciplines within the field of genetics - molecular, cellular, organismal, and population genetics

 to establish a framework for discussion (critical thinking, writing, speaking)
 - evaluate the unifying principles of genetics and how they extend to all organisms (critical thinking)
 - describe the current genetic technologies, especially as they apply to medicine, forensics, agriculture, societal practices, public policy, and national and global legislation (critical thinking, citizenship)
 - compare and contrast their understanding of current readings relating to genetics from a variety of sources (writing, speaking, citizenship)
 - evaluate the physical and biotic factors influencing the evolution of the organic world (critical thinking).
- b) Assessment of student learning objectives:

Methods of assessing students' achievement of the preceding objectives will include two position papers (10%) on a controversial topic related to genetics, two short content-based reports (10%) on topics such as a person associated with genetics, a genetic technology,

and a model organism used in genetic research, and frequent short, in-class writing assignments (10%) on current ethical issues related to genetics. In addition, students will be required to develop, research, and present a project (30%) that relates both to genetics and to their major field of study, or some other special interest. Also, students will assemble a journal of items (10%) from the news media (newspapers, magazines, television news broadcasts, internet news broadcasts) which have an explicit connection to genetics and complete three examinations (30%)

	Position papers (10%)	Content- based reports (10%)	Short writing assignments (10%)	Project (30%)	Journal items (10%)	Exams (30%)
Evaluate genetic topics as science	X	X	X	X	X	X
Apply sound judgments on genetic subjects	X	X	X	X	X	
Describe all sides of controversial issues	X	X	X	X	X	
Analyze knowledge of the sub-disciplines within the field of genetics	X	X	X	X	X	X
Evaluate the unifying principles of genetics	X	X	X	X	X	X
Describe the current genetic technologies	X	X	X	X	X	X
Compare and contrast their understanding of current readings relating to genetics	X	X	X	X	X	
Evaluate the physical and biotic factors influencing the evolution of the organic world	X	X	X	X	X	X

- c) Course is not technology-delivered.
- d) Not a graduate level course
- e) The course is writing intensive. At least one writing assignment is rewritten by students after it has been read and commented on by the instructor. Student writing assignments in BIO 2093G contribute to more than 35% of the final grade.

3. Outline of the course

a) Course outline is based on two 100-minute class meetings each week for 15 weeks.

Week one

- Introduction and course objectives
- Science and non-science
- The science of genetics

Week two

- Cells are the basic units of all living things
- DNA structure

DNA replication

Week three

- Gene expression: How proteins are made
- Proteins determine characteristics
- Molecular Mutation

Week four

- Chromosome structure
- Cell division Mitosis and the cell cycle
- Exam I

Week five

- Cell division meiosis and sexual reproduction
- Transmission genetics Mendel I
- Transmission genetics Mendel II

Week six

- Modifications and exceptions to Mendelian genetics
- Development and sex determination
- Pedigree analysis

Week seven

- Autosomal inheritance patterns
- Sex-linked inheritance patterns
- Genetic screening

Week eight

- Genetic counseling
- Reproductive technologies
- Exam II

Week nine

- Recombinant DNA What is it?
- Recombinant DNA technologies
- Recombinant DNA technologies

Week ten

- Cloning
- Genetics of Cancer
- Genetics of the Immune system

Week eleven

- Genetics of Behavior
- Introduction to Population genetics
- Genes in populations

Week twelve

- Selection and adaptation
- Human diversity and evolution
- Exam III

Week thirteen

- The Human Genome
- The Human Genome
- Intellectual property rights

Week fourteen

presentations

Week fifteen

- presentations
- b) Not technology delivered

4. Rationale

- a) The purpose of the course is twofold: to provide students with a fundamental background in genetic principles and processes common to all life, and to prepare students to make sound, objective decisions as to the current use and future direction of genetics in society. Genetic technologies are fast becoming the standard for a wide range of human activities, including medical interventions and therapies, forensic analysis and criminology, environmental and ecological assessment, phylogeny and anthropology, economic improvement, and human rights issues. Emerging genetic technologies will no doubt continue to provide a better understanding of the impact of genetics on other issues confronting society, including complex processes such as human behavior.
- b) Prerequisites: Admission to the University Honors College. Given the course content and level of critical thinking, writing, and speaking involved, a 2000-level is appropriate.
- c) This course is a revision of the current Heredity & Society, Honors course (BIO 3091G). This course is similar to BIO 2003G, however, Honors College students cannot get credit for both courses. In addition, this course includes a more detail-oriented curriculum and more in-depth discussion than BIO 2003G. Although this course covers many of the same fundamental topics as BIO 3200 (Genetics), the material is covered in much less depth and emphasizes, rather, the breadth of applications and implications of genetics to societal issues.
- d) This course will not be required for any major or program but will satisfy the scientific awareness component of general education for Honors College students.

5. Implementation

- a) Faculty members to whom the course will be assigned: Dr. Ruth Chesnut or any other qualified faculty in the Department of Biological Sciences
- b) Additional costs: None
- c) Text: Cummings, MR. 2003. Human Heredity: Principles and Issues. Brooks/Cole. Pacific Grove 6th ed, California. 488pp.

6. Community college transfer

A community college course will not be judged equivalent to this course.

- 7. Date approved by the Department Curriculum Committee: October 6, 2005
- **8. Date approved by the College Curriculum Committee:** 28 October 2005
- 9. Date approved by the Honors College: 24 October 2005
- **10. Date approved by the Council on Academic Affairs:** 16 December 2005