**Drug-Free Schools and Colleges [EDGAR Part 86]**

**Illinois Higher Education Center for Alcohol, Other Drug, and Violence Prevention**

**Suggested Annual Notification Template**

**June 2016**

**Federal Drug-Free Schools and Campuses Regulations [Edgar Part 86]**

**Your University/College annual policy notification/distribution**

As a requirement of these regulations, **Your University/College** is to disseminate and ensure receipt of the below policy/information to all students, staff, and faculty on an annual basis. This process is formally conducted by **DESCRIBE YOUR DISSEMINATION PROCESS HERE**. Questions concerning this policy and/or alcohol and other drug programs, interventions and policies may be directed to **INDIVIDUAL IN CHARGE OF DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS AND CAMPUS COMPLIANCE/ATOD PREVENTION PROGRAMS** at **INDIVIDUAL’S E-MAIL** and **INDIVIDUAL’S PHONE NUMBER**.

**Polices - Alcohol, Other Drugs, and Weapons**

As an academic community, **Your University/College** is committed to providing an environment in which learning and scholarship can flourish. The possession or use of illegal drugs, or the abuse of those which may otherwise be legally possessed, seriously affects the University environment, as well as the individual potential of our students and staff. The University enforces state laws and related University policies, including those prohibiting the following activities on campus:

1. Providing alcoholic beverages to individuals under 21 or possession or consumption of alcoholic beverages by individuals under 21.
2. Distribution, possession, or use of illegal drugs or controlled substances.
3. Possession of firearms or other dangerous weapons.

The abuse of alcohol and other drugs by students, regardless of age and of location (on-campus or off-campus), is prohibited by the Student Conduct Code. The University can, and will, impose disciplinary sanctions for violations. Students are also subject to city ordinances and state and federal laws. A separate policy addresses violations by University staff.

The University strongly encourages students and staff members to voluntarily obtain assistance for dependency or abuse problem before such behavior results in an arrest and/or disciplinary referral which might result in their separation from the institution.

The use of, or addiction to, alcohol, marijuana, or controlled substances is not considered an excuse for violations of the Student Conduct Code or staff expectations, and will not be a mitigating factor in the application of appropriate disciplinary sanctions for such violations.

Help is available both on campus and within the community for students and staff members who are dependent on, or who abuse the use of alcohol or other drugs. **YOUR UNIVERSITY COUNSELING CENTER** (**COUNSELING CENTER PHONE NUMBER**), **YOUR UNIVERISTY EMPLOYEE ASSISTANCE PROGRAM** (**YOUR UNIVERISTY EMPLOYEE ASSISTANCE PROGRAM PHONE NUMBER**), and other professional agencies will maintain the confidentiality of persons seeking help for personal dependency and will not report them to institutional or state authorities. **YOUR INSTITUTION’S DEPARTMENT OVERSEEING ALCOHOL AND OTHER DRUG PREVENTION** provides educational and awareness programming, information, and assistance.

**Student Sanctions - Alcohol, Other Drugs, and Weapons**

Underage students confronted by the institution for the consumption of alcohol will face disciplinary sanctions ranging from **LISTING OF SANCTIONS ADMINISTERED AT YOUR INSTITUTION FOR UNDERAGE DRINKING – THESE SHOULD BE INCLUDED IN TABLE FOR COMMONLY IMPOSED SANCTIONS**.

Students whose use of alcohol or drugs results in harm or the threat of harm to themselves or others, or to property, regardless of the location of the incident, may face disciplinary action by the University up to and including expulsion.

Testing **for the presences of illegal substances may be a condition of any probationary status imposed by the University for Violations of drug-related provisions of this policy. DESCRIBE YOUR DRUG TESTING PROCEDURES/PROTOCOLS HERE IF APPLICABLE.** Testing for illegal drugs shall be performed using a urine sample collected with a chain-of-custody and will include testing for the following substances: cocaine, marijuana, opiates, amphetamines, methamphetamines, and phencyclidines. All drug testing will include review by a qualified Medical Review Officer (MRO) and an "MRO Positive" result will be considered a positive result. Any student with a positive result, as described above, may face disciplinary action by the University up to and including expulsion.

**Commonly Imposed Disciplinary Sanctions For On-Campus Policy Violations:**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Policy Violation** | **Typical Monetary Sanction - 1st Offense** | **Other Typical Sanctions - 1st Offense** | **Typical Sanctions –** **2nd Offense** |
| Underage Possession of Alcohol | $50 | Alcohol Education Program | Parental Notification if under 21, Monetary Sanction, Possible Disciplinary Probation. |
| Open Alcohol In A Public Area | $50 | Alcohol Education Program | Monetary Sanction, Possible Disciplinary Probation. |
| Possession of Kegs | $100 | Alcohol Education Program | Parental Notification if under 21, Monetary Sanction, Possible Disciplinary Probation. |
| Single Incident of Possession of Marijuana For Personal Use | $150 | Disciplinary Probation, Drug Education Program on Marijuana & Random Drug Testing | Suspension |
| Possession of More Than One Ounce of Marijuana | $150 | Suspension or Expulsion | Suspension or Expulsion |
| Possession of Any Amount of "Hard" Drugs (Cocaine, PCP, etc.) |  | Suspension or Expulsion | Suspension or Expulsion |
| Conveying Marijuana or A Controlled Substance To Another Person |  | Suspension or Expulsion | Suspension or Expulsion |
| Possession of Firearms or Other Dangerous Weapons |  | Suspension or Expulsion | Suspension or Expulsion |

As members of the University community, students are also subject to city ordinances and to state and federal law. Arrest and prosecution for alleged violations of criminal law or city ordinances may result from the same incident for which the University imposes disciplinary sanctions.

**Employee Sanctions**

The unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensation, possession, or use of a controlled substance by employees on University premises, or while conducting University business off University premises, is absolutely prohibited.

Violations of this prohibition by employees may result in the application of sanctions, including possible required participation in an approved drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation program, and disciplinary action up to and including termination of employment under applicable (**YOUR GOVERNING BODY, E.G.BOARD OF TRUSTEES)** regulations, University policies, statues, employment contracts, or collective bargaining agreements.

**Illinois Sanctions for Violation of Alcohol Control Statutes**

235 Illinois Compiled Statutes 5/6-20

1. Class A Misdemeanor - unlawful use of a identification card
2. Class 4 Felony - fictitious or unlawfully altered identification card
3. Class 4 Felony - fraudulent identification card
4. Class B Misdemeanor to possess or sell alcohol if you are under 21.\*
5. Class A Misdemeanor to sell, give, or deliver alcohol to individuals under 21 years of age. Local ordinances may also be enforced.

Class A Misdemeanors are punishable with a fine of $1 to $2,500 and up to 1 year in the county jail.

Class B Misdemeanors are punishable with a fine of $1 to $1,500 and up to 6 months in the county jail.

* These violations may also result in one's driver's license being administratively revoked or suspended by the Illinois Secretary of State's office.

**Illinois Sanctions for Driving Under the Influence**

625 Illinois Compiled Statutes 5/11-501

1. Driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof
	1. First Conviction
		1. Minimum of one-year loss of full driving privileges
		2. Possible imprisonment for up to one year
		3. Maximum fine of $2,500
	2. Second Conviction
		1. Minimum five-year loss of full driving privileges for a second conviction in a 20-year period
		2. Mandatory five days imprisonment or 240 hours of community service
		3. Possible imprisonment for up to one year
		4. Maximum fine of $2,5000
	3. Third Conviction – Class 2 Felony
		1. Minimum ten-year loss of full driving privileges
		2. Mandatory 18-30 month periodic imprisonment
		3. Possible imprisonment for up to seven years
		4. Maximum fine of $25,000
	4. Aggravated DUI – Class 4 Felony (following a crash resulting in great bodily harm or permanent disfigurement)
		1. Minimum of one-year loss of full driving privileges
		2. Mandatory ten days imprisonment or 480 hours of community service
		3. Possible imprisonment for up to twelve years
		4. Maximum fine of $25,000
2. Other alcohol offenses
	1. Providing alcohol to a person under age 21
		1. Possible imprisonment for up to one year
		2. Maximum fine of $2,500
	2. Illegal transportation of an alcoholic beverage
		1. Maximum fine of $1,000
		2. Point-assigned violation will be entered on drivers record
		3. Drivers license suspension for a second conviction in a 12 month period
	3. Knowingly permitting a driver under the influence to operate a vehicle
		1. Possible imprisonment for up to one year
		2. Maximum fine of $2,500
	4. Summary Suspension
		1. First offense
			1. A chemical test indication a BAC of .08 or greater results in a mandatory six-month drivers license suspension
			2. Refusal to submit to a chemical test(s) results in a twelve-month suspension
		2. Subsequent offenses
			1. A chemical test indicating a BAC of .08 or greater results in a mandatory one-year drivers license suspension
			2. Refusal to submit to a chemical test(s) results in a three-year license suspension

**Illinois Penalties for Drinking and Driving Under Age 21**

1. Driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof
	1. First Conviction
		1. Minimum of two-year loss of full driving privileges
		2. Possible imprisonment for up to one year
		3. Maximum fine of $2,500
	2. Second Conviction
		1. Minimum five-year loss of full driving privileges for a second conviction in a 20-year period
		2. Mandatory five days imprisonment or 240 hours of community service
		3. Possible imprisonment for up to one year
		4. Maximum fine of $2,5000
	3. Third Conviction – Class 2 Felony
		1. Minimum ten-year loss of full driving privileges
		2. Mandatory 18-30 month periodic imprisonment
		3. Possible imprisonment for up to seven years
		4. Maximum fine of $25,000
	4. Aggravated DUI – Class 4 Felony (following a crash resulting in great bodily harm or permanent disfigurement)
		1. Minimum of one-year loss of full driving privileges
		2. Possible imprisonment for up to twelve years
		3. Maximum fine of $25,000
2. Other alcohol offenses
	1. Illegal transportation of an alcoholic beverage
		1. Maximum fine of $1,000
		2. Drivers license suspended for first conviction
		3. Drivers license revoked for a second conviction
	2. Summary Suspension
		1. First offense
			1. A chemical test indication a BAC of .08 or greater results in a mandatory six-month drivers license suspension
			2. Refusal to submit to a chemical test(s) results in a twelve-month suspension
		2. Subsequent offenses
			1. A chemical test indicating a BAC of .08 or greater results in a mandatory one-year drivers license suspension
			2. Refusal to submit to a chemical test(s) results in a three-year license suspension
3. The Zero Tolerance Law provides that minors can have their driving privileges suspended even if they're not intoxicated at the .08 level. The following table shows the length of time your driving privileges may be suspended under the Zero Tolerance Law (for BAC of .01 or greater) and DUI Laws (for BAC of .08 or greater). The loss of driving privileges is greater if you refuse to take a sobriety test.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | Under Zero Tolerance Law | Under DUI Laws |
|  |  | If test refused |  | If test refused |
| 1st violation | 3 months | 6 months | 6 months | 12 months |
| 2nd violation | 1 year | 2 years | 1 year | 3 years |

**Effect on Driving Record**

* Zero tolerance (BAC of .01 or greater) – except during suspension period, not on public driving record as long as there is no subsequent suspension.
* DUI conviction (BAC of .08 or greater) – Permanently on public driving record

\*Under certain conditions, you may be charged with DUI even though your BAC is below .08.

Except during suspension period, violation is not on public driving record as long as there is no subsequent suspension permanently on public driving record.

**State of Illinois Statutory Provisions For Illegal Drugs Manufacture or Delivery**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Manufacture or Delivery (720 Illinois Compiled Statutes 570/401)** | **Possession (720 ILCS 570/402)** |
| **Illegal Drugs** | Class X Felony | Class 1 Felony | Class 2 Felony | Class 3 Felony | Class 1 Felony | Class 4 Felony |
|  | not more than$500,000 fine | not more than$250,000 fine | not more than$200,000 fine | not more than$150,000 fine | not more than$20,000 fine | not more than$15,000 fine |
|  | Min. 6 years | 4 to 15 years | 3 to 7 years | 2 to 5 years | 4 to 15 years | 1 to 4 years |
| **Heroin** | 15 grams or more | 10-14 grams | 10 grams or less |  | 15 grams or more | less than 15 grams |
| **Cocaine** | 15 grams or more | 1-14 grams | 1 gram or less |  | 15 grams or more | less than 15 grams |
| **Morphine** | 15 grams or more | 10-14 grams | 10 grams or less |  | 15 grams or more | less than 15 grams |
| **Peyote** | 200 grams or more | 50-199 grams |  | 50 grams or less | 200 grams or more | less than 200 grams |
| **Barbiturates** | 200 grams or more | 50-199 grams |  | 50 grams or less | 200 grams or more | less than 200 grams |
| **Amphetamines** | 200 grams or more | 50-199 grams |  | 50 grams or less | 200 grams or more | less than 200 grams |
| **Lysergic Acid (LSD)** | 15 grams or more | 5 to 14 grams or hits |  | 5 grams or less | 15 grams or more | less than 15 grams |
| **Petazocine** | 30 grams or more | 10 to 29 grams |  | 10 grams or less | 30 grams or more | less than 30 grams |
| **Methaqualone** | 30 grams or more | 10 to 29 grams |  | 10 grams or less | 30 grams or more | less than 30 grams |
| **Phencyclidine** | 30 grams or more | 10 to 29 grams |  | 30 grams or less | 30 grams or more | less than 30 grams |
| **Ketamine** | 30 grams or more | 11 to 30 grams |  | less than 10 grams | 30 grams or more | less than 30 grams |
| **GHB** | 200 grams or more | 50 to 200 grams |  | less than 50 grams | 200 grams or more | less than 200 grams |
| **Ecstasy** | 200 grams or more | 50 to 199 grams |  | 50 grams or less | 200 grams or more | less than 200 grams |

Note: Second Offense, double jail sentence and fine. This chart gives examples of the penalties which may be imposed on individuals convicted of drug possession, manufacturing, or delivery. ***The circumstances of the case and other factors affect whether or not these are the actual penalties imposed***.

**Marijuana Sale or Delivery (720 Illinois Compiled Statutes 550/5)**

Class B Misdemeanor: 2.5 grams or less, $500 fine and/or six months in jail

Class A Misdemeanor: 2.5-10 grams or less, $1,000 fine and/or one year in jail

Class 4 Felony: between 10-30 grams, 1-3 years in jail and/or $10,000 fine

Class 3 Felony: between 30-500 grams, 2-5 years in jail and/or fine not to exceed $50,000

Class 2 Felony: 500 or more grams, 3-7 years in jail and/or fine not to exceed $100,000

**Possession (720 Illinois compiled Statutes 550/4)**

Class C Misdemeanor: 2.5 grams or less, $500 fine and/or thirty days in jail

Class B Misdemeanor: between 2.5-10 grams, $500 fine and/or six months in jail

Class A Misdemeanor: between 10-30 grams, $1,000 fine and/or one year in jail

Class 4 Felony: between 30-500 grams, 1-3 years in jail and/or $10,000 fine

Class 3 Felony: over 500 grams, 2-5 years in jail and/or fine not to exceed $50,000

**Federal Drug Laws**

The possession, use, or distribution of illicit drugs is prohibited by federal law. Strict penalties are enforced for drug convictions, including mandatory prison terms for many offenses. The following information, although not complete, is an overview of federal penalties for first convictions. All penalties are doubled for any subsequent drug conviction.

**Denial of Federal Aid (20 USC 1091)**

Under the Higher Education Act of 1998, students convicted under federal or state law for the sale or possession of drugs will have their federal financial aid eligibility suspended. This includes all federal grants, loans, federal work study programs, and more. Students convicted of drug possession will be ineligible for one year from the date of the conviction of the first offense, two years for the second offense, and indefinitely for the third offense. Students convicted of selling drugs will be ineligible for two years from the date of the first conviction, and indefinitely for the second offense. Those who lose eligibility can regain eligibility by successfully completing an approved drug rehabilitation program.

**Forfeiture of Personal Property and Real Estate (21 USC 853)**

Any person convicted of a federal drug offense punishable by more than one year in prison shall forfeit to the United States any personal or real property related to the violation, including houses, cars, and other personal belongings. A warrant of seizure is issued and property is seized at the time an individual is arrested on charges that may result in forfeiture.

**Federal Drug Trafficking Penalties (21 USC 841)**

Penalties for federal drug trafficking convictions vary according to the quantity of the controlled substance involved in the transaction. The following list is a sample of the range and severity of federal penalties imposed for first convictions. Penalties for subsequent convictions are twice as severe.

If death or serious bodily injury result from the use of a controlled substance which has been illegally distributed, the person convicted on federal charges of distributing the substance faces mandatory life sentence and fines ranging up to $8 million.

Persons convicted on federal charges of drug trafficking within 1,000 feet of a University (21 USC 845a) face penalties of prison terms and fines which are twice as high as the regular penalties for the offense, with a mandatory prison sentence of at least 1 year.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Drug/Substance** | **Amount** | **Penalty - 1st Conviction** |
| Barbiturates | Any amount | Up to 5 years prison. Fine up to $250,000 |
| Cocaine | 5 kgs. or more | Not less than 10 years prison, not more than life. Fine up to $4 million |
| Less than 100 grams | 10-63 months prison. Fine up to $1 million  |
| Crack Cocaine | 50 grams or more | Not less than 10 years prison, not more than life. Fine up to $4 million  |
| 5-49 grams | Not less than 5 years prison, not more than 40 years. Fine up to $2 million  |
| 5 grams or less | 10-63 months prison. Fine up to $1 million |
| Ecstasy | Any amount | Up to 20 years imprisonment. Fine up to $1 million. 3 years of supervised releases (following prison)  |
| GHB | Any amount  | Up to 20 years imprisonment. Fine up to $1 million. 3 years of supervised releases (following prison)  |
| Hashish | 10-100 kg  | Up to 20 years imprisonment. Fine up to $1 million.  |
| 10 kg or less | Up to 5 years imprisonment. Fine up to $250,000  |
| Hash Oil  | 1-100 kg | Up to 20 years imprisonment. Fine up to $1 million.  |
| 1 kg or less  | Up to 5 years imprisonment. Fine up to $250,000  |
| Heroin  | 1 kg or more | Not less than 10 years prison, not more than life. Fine up to $4 million  |
| 100-999 grams  | Not less than 5 years prison, not more than 40 years. Fine up to $2 million  |
| 100 grams or less  | 10-63 months prison. Fine up to $1 million  |
| Ketamine | Any amount  | Up to 5 years imprisonment. Fine up to $250,000. 2 years supervised release  |
| LSD  | 10 grams or more | Not less than 10 years prison, not more than life. Fine up to $4 million  |
| 1-10 grams  | Not less than 5 years prison, not more than 40 years. Fine up to $2 million  |
| Marijuana  | 1000 kg or more  | Not less than 10 years prison, not more than life. Fine up to $4 million  |
| 100-999 kg  | Not less than 5 years prison, not more than 40 years. Fine up to $2 million  |
| 50-99 kg  | Up to 20 years imprisonment. Fine up to $1 million  |
| 50 kg or less  | Up to 5 years imprisonment. Fine up to $250,000  |
| Methamphetamine  | 50 grams or more | Not less than 10 years prison, not more than life. Fine up to $4 million  |
| 10-49 grams  | Not less than 5 years prison, not more than 40 years. Fine up to $2 million  |
| 10 grams or less  | 10-21 months prison. Fine up to $1 million  |
| PCP  | 100 grams or more  | Not less than 10 years prison, not more than life. Fine up to $4 million |
| 10-99 grams | Not less than 5 years prison, not more than 40 years. Fine up to $2 million  |
| 10 grams or less  | 10-21 months prison. Fine up to $1 million  |
| Rohypnol | 1 gram or more | Up to 20 years imprisonment. Fine up to $1 million |
| less than 30 mgs | Up to 5 years imprisonment. Fine up to $250,000 |

**Federal Drug Possession Penalties (21 USC 844)**

Persons convicted on Federal charges of possessing any controlled substance face penalties of up to 1 year in prison and a mandatory fine of no less than $1,000 up to a maximum of $100,000. Second convictions are punishable by not less than 15 days but not more than 2 years in prison and a minimum fine of $2,500. Subsequent convictions are punishable by not less than 90 days but not more than 3 years in prison and a minimum fine of $5,000. Possession of drug paraphernalia is punishable by a minimum fine of $750.

Special sentencing provisions for possession of crack cocaine impose a mandatory prison term of not less than 5 years but not more than 20 years and a fine up to $250,000, or both if:

1. It is a first conviction and the amount of crack possessed exceeds 5 grams;
2. It is a second conviction and the amount of crack possessed exceeds 3 grams;
3. It is a third or subsequent crack conviction and the amount exceeds 1 gram.

Civil penalties of up to $10,000 may also be imposed for possession of small amounts of controlled substances, whether or not criminal prosecution is pursued.

**Counseling and Treatment**

Short term alcohol and other drug counseling is available on campus to students through **YOUR UNIVERSITY STUDENT COUNSELING CENTER** (**YOUR UNIVERSITY STUDENT COUNSELING CENTER PHONE NUMBER**). Students may be referred through the Counseling Center to other treatment programs for more intensive treatment. Through **YOUR INSTITUTION’S** Human Resources department, **YOUR INSTITUTION’S EMPLOYEE ASSISTANCE PROGRAM** offers employees additional education and counseling, as well as appropriate referrals. Within **YOUR COMMUNITY/TOWN/CITY**, the following substance abuse counseling agencies exist. **IHEC SUGGESTS THAT YOU LIST AGENCIES SPECIALIZING IN SUBSTANCE ABUSE ISSUES THAT ARE LICENSED THROUGH THE ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF ALCOHOLISM AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE**: AGENCY 1 (AGENCY PHONE NUMBER), AGENCY 2 (AGENCY PHONE NUMBER), … These agencies provide a variety of services which may include **PROVIDE SUMMARY OF SERVICES AVAILABLE (E.G. intake/evaluation, social setting detoxification, intensive residential program, chemical dependency programs, adolescent and adult outpatient services, DUI evaluations and remedial education).** Interested individuals are encouraged to contact each agency for additional information regarding specific services and costs.

**Prevention and Education**

Through the **LIST OFFICES AND DEPARTMENTS (PHONE NUMBERS AND WEB URLS) WHO PROVIDE THE PRIMARY LEADERSHIP OF ALCOHOL AND OTHER DRUG PREVENTION AND EDUCATION** and other departments and offices, a variety of **SUMMARIZE PREVENTION AND EDUCATION INDIVDIUAL,GROUP AND COMMUNITY PROGRAMS AND INTERVENTIONS COMMONLY ADMINISTERED ON YOUR CAMPUS.** Individual, group and community educational programs and interventions designed to prevent and reduce alcohol and other drug use/abuse are offered to the YOUR UNIVERSITY/COLLEGE Community. **IF YOU HAVE A CAMPUS/CAMPUS-COMMUNITY ALCOHOL AND OTHER DRUG COALITION, PLEASE LIST HERE.** In addition, a campus-community alcohol and other drug coalition meets monthly to discuss current substance abuse related issues and trends. As mandated by the Drug-Free Schools and Campuses Act, this policy is distributed to all students, staff and faculty on an annual basis, and during every even year, a biennial review of the comprehensive alcohol and other drug program is conducted. For more information concerning current programs, interventions and policies, contact **INDIVIDUAL IN CHARGE OF DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS AND CAMPUS COMPLIANCE/ATOD PREVENTION PROGRAMS** at **INDIVIDUAL’S E-MAIL** and **INDIVIDUAL’S PHONE NUMBER**

**Health Risks of Commonly Abused Substances**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Substance** | **Nicknames/Slang Terms** | **Short Term****Effects** | **Long Term Effects** |
| Alcohol |  | slurred speech, drowsiness,headaches,impaired judgment, decreased perception and coordination, distorted vision and hearing ,vomiting,breathing difficulties, unconsciousness, coma,blackouts, | toxic psychosis, physical dependence, neurological and liver damage, fetal alcohol syndrome, vitamin B1 deficiency, sexual problems, cancer, physical dependence |
| Amphetamines | uppers, speed, meth, crack, crystal, ice, pep pills | increased heart rate, increased blood pressure, dry mouth, loss of appetite, restlessness, irritability, anxiety | delusions, hallucinations, heart problems, hypertension, irritability, insomnia, toxic psychosis, physical dependence |
| Barbiturates and Tranquilizers | barbs, bluebirds, blues, yellow jackets, red devils, roofies, rohypnol, ruffies, tranqs, mickey, flying v's  | slurred speech, muscle relaxation, dizziness, decreased motor control | severe withdrawal symptoms, possible convulsions, toxic psychosis, depression, physical dependence |
| Cocaine | coke, cracks, snow, powder, blow, rock | loss of appetiteincreased blood pressure and heart rate, contracted blood vessels, nausea,hyper-stimulation anxiety, paranoia, increased hostilityIncreased rate of breathing, muscle spasms and convulsions.dilated pupilsdisturbed sleep,  | depression, weight loss, high blood pressure, seizure, heart attack, stroke, hypertension, hallucinations, psychosis, chronic cough, nasal passage injury, kidney, liver and lung damage |
| Gamma Hydroxy Butyrate | GHB, liquid B, liquid X, liquid ecstasy, G, georgia homeboy, grievous bodily harm  | euphoria, decreased inhibitions, drowsiness, sleep, decreased body temperature, decreased heart rate, decreased blood pressure | memory loss, depression, severe withdrawal symptoms, physical dependence, psychological dependence  |
| Heroin | H, junk, smack, horse, skag  | euphoria, flushing of the skin, dry mouth, “heavy” arms and legs, slowed breathing, muscular weakness | constipation, loss of appetite, lethargy, weakening of the immune system,respiratory (breathing) illnesses, muscular weakness, partial paralysis, coma, physical dependence, psychological dependence |
| Ketamine | K, super K, special K | dream-like states, hallucinations, impaired attention and memory, delirium, impaired motor function, high blood pressure, depression | Urinary tract and bladder problems, abdominal pain, major convulsions, muscle rigidity , increased confusion, increased depression, physical dependence, psychological dependence |
| LSD | acid, stamps, dots, blotter, A-bombs | dilated pupils, change in body temperature, blood pressure and heart rate, sweating, chills, loss of appetite, decreased sleep, tremors, changes in visual acuity, mood changes | may intensify existing psychosis, panic reactions, can interfere with psychological adjustment and social functioning, insomnia, physical dependence, psychological dependence  |
| MDMA | ecstasy, XTC, adam, X, rolls, pills | impaired judgment, confusion, confusion, blurred vision, teeth clenching, depression, anxiety, paranoia, sleep problems, muscle tension  | same as LSD, sleeplessness, nausea, confusion, increased blood pressure, sweating , depression, anxiety, memory loss kidney failure, cardiovascular problems, convulsionsdeath, physical dependence, psychological dependence |
| Marijuana/Cannabis | pot, grass, dope, weed, joint, bud, reefer, doobie, roach | sensory distortion, poor coordination of movementslowed reaction time,panic, anxiety | bronchitis, conjunctivas, lethargy, shortened attention span, suppressed immune system, personality changes, cancer, psychological dependence, physical dependence possible for some |
| Mescaline | peyote cactus | nausea, vomiting, anxiety, delirium, hallucinations, increased heart rate, blood pressure, and body temperature,  | lasting physical and mental trauma, intensified existing psychosis, psychological dependence |
| Morphine/Opiates | M, morf, duramorph, Miss Emma, monkey, roxanol, white stuff | euphoria, increased body temperature, dry mouth, “heavy” feeling in arms and legs | constipation, loss of appetitecollapsed veins, heart infections, liver disease, depressed respiration, pneumonia and other pulmonary complications, physical dependence, psychological dependence |
| PCP | crystal, tea, angel dust, embalming fluid, killer weed, rocket fuel, supergrass, wack, ozone | shallow breathing, flushing, profuse sweating, numbness in arms and legs, decreased muscular coordination, nausea, vomiting, blurred vision, delusions, paranoia, disordered thinking | memory loss, difficulties with speech and thinking, depression, weight loss, psychotic behavior, violent acts, psychosis, physical dependence, psychological dependence |
| Psilocybin | mushrooms, magic mushrooms, shrooms, caps, psilocybin & psilocyn | nausea, distorted perceptions, nervousness, paranoia,  | confusion, memory loss, shortened attention span, flashbacks may intensify existing psychosis,  |
| Steroids | roids, juice  | increased lean muscle mass, increased strength, acne, oily skin, excess hair growth, high blood pressure | Cholesterol imbalance, anger management problems, masculinization or women, breast enlargement in men, premature fusion of long bones preventing attainment of normal height, atrophy of reproductive organs, impotence, reduced fertility, stroke, hypertension, congestive heart failure, liver damage, psychological dependence |

**ON-CAMPUS RESOURCES/INFORMATION – alphabetical order, make applicable to your campus**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **YOUR UNIVERSITY/COLLEGE** Counseling Center | 217/123-4567, http://www. |
| **YOUR UNIVERSITY/COLLEGE** Health Education/Promotion Center | 217/123-4567, http://www. |
| **YOUR UNIVERSITY/COLLEGE** Health Service | 217/123-4567, http://www. |
| **YOUR UNIVERSITY/COLLEGE** Office of Student Standards | 217/123-4567, http://www.  |
| **YOUR UNIVERSITY/COLLEGE** Police Department | 217/123-4567, http://www. |
| **YOUR UNIVERSITY/COLLEGE** Student Legal Services | 217/123-4567, http://www. |
| **YOUR UNIVERSITY/COLLEGE** Vice-President of Student Affairs | 217/123-4567, http://www. |
| **YOUR UNIVERSITY/COLLEGE** Employee Assistance Program | 217/123-4567 http://www. |

**OFF-CAMPUS RESOURCES/INFORMATION – alphabetical order, make applicable to your campus**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ABC Counseling Service – Listing of Services | Phonehttp://www. |
| DEF Counseling Service – Listing of Services | Phonehttp://www. |
| Local Police Department – Emergency | 911 |
| Local Police Department – Non - Emergency | Phonehttp://www. |
| County Sheriff’s Office – Emergency | 911 |
| County Sheriff’s Office – Non-Emergency | Phonehttp://www. |
| Your County State’s Attorney’s Office | Phonehttp://www. |
| XYZ Counseling Services | Phonehttp://www. |

In accordance with Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, no individual shall be discriminated against on the basis of disability in the full and equal enjoyment of the goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations of the University. Further, no qualified individual with a disability shall, by reason of such disability, be excluded from participation in or be denied the benefits of the services, programs, or activities of the University or be subjected to discrimination by the University.